

## **MORE IMPORTANT THINGS - ROAD SAFETY QUIZ**

### **ROUND 1: Facts and statistics warm-up:**

Instructions: Quiz Host reads out the questions

Question 1:

In 2009 which time of day saw the most fatal pedestrian incidents amongst 12-16 year olds?

- a) 9am – 11am
- b) 3pm – 5pm
- c) 8pm – 10pm

Answer = b): 3pm – 5pm

Question 2:

Which day of the week has the most serious road incidents involving 12-16 year olds?

- a) Saturday
- b) Monday
- c) Friday

Answer = c): Friday

Question 3:

Which months of the year are typically the highest for road deaths and serious injuries amongst 12-16 pedestrians?

- a) January and February
- b) June and July
- c) October and November

Answer = c): October and November

Question 4:

Which age range is most likely to be killed, or seriously injured, in a road incident in all modes of transport?

- a) Below 5 years old
- b) 5-11 years old
- c) 12-19 years old
- d) 20 – 29 years old

Answer = c): 12-19 years old

Bonus Question:

When a young person was responsible for an accident in which they were killed or seriously injured, in the largest number of cases was it because:

- a) they were impaired by alcohol
- b) they were being careless, reckless, or in a hurry
- c) they didn't look properly

Answer = c): they didn't look properly

In 2009, the facts were: 4467 didn't look properly, 1938 were careless, reckless or in a hurry, and 87 were impaired by alcohol.

## **ROUND 2: Mime**

Instructions: the Quiz Host picks two people from a team. In secret the Quiz Host gives them a description of a road traffic accident involving young people. They must act it out using mime (this means using gestures and bodies but not any words). Give those doing the mime 30 seconds to whisper about how they will show the accident. The other member(s) of their team watch as they act out the mime and they try to guess what the incident is.

Some examples to use:

*SCENARIO 1: A boy is running late for school. He sees the bus he needs to catch approaching the bus stop on the other side of the road. He doesn't wait for the cars to stop but runs across dodging them. A car hits him.*

*SCENARIO 2: A girl is riding her bike on the road. She is zig-zagging back and forth across the road not looking where she is going. Then she makes a call on her mobile phone still drifting around the road. A parked car pulls out and knocks her off her bike.*

### ROUND 3: Numbers

Instructions: the Quiz Host reads out the questions

Question 1:

How many 14-16 year olds were killed or seriously injured by a road traffic accident in 2009?

- a) 1258
- b) 492
- c) 10,209

Answer = a): 1258

Question 2:

Guess how many boys were casualties in road traffic cycling accidents in 2009? The guess that is closest to the actual figure wins.

Answer = 1,977

Question 3:

Guess how many girls were casualties in road traffic cycling accidents in 2009? The guess that is closest to the actual figure wins.

Answer = 269

Question 4:

When a car increases its speed from 20 to 40 miles per hour does the stopping speed:

- a) double
- b) treble
- c) decrease

Answer = b): treble

Question 5:

In 2011, what was the total number of child pedestrian casualties on London's roads?

- a) 539
- b) 1,181
- c) 1,976

Answer = b): 1,181

Question 6: How many people die on Britain's roads every day? Is it:

- a) 1
- b) 5
- c) 12

Answer = b): 5

Question 7:

How many young people die in road accidents worldwide each day?

- a) 1000
- b) 5000
- c) 500

Answer = a): 1000

Bonus Question:

Match the number of child deaths in road accidents to the year:

Numbers: 8, 43, 18,

Years: 1988, 2000, 2007

Answers = 1988 - 43, 2000 - 18, 2007 - 8

End of Quiz!